



Fundamental Aeronautics Program

Subsonic Rotary Wing Project

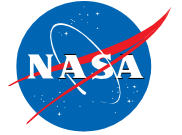
Overview of progress in SRW/Engine research effort

Dr. Gerard E. Welch, GRC/RTT
SRW/Engines Technical Lead




2012 Technical Conference
March 13-15, 2012

Research team



GRC in-house

- ARL-VTD / G. Skoch, D. Thurman 
- NASA RTT / E. Braunscheidel, S. Kulkarni, B. Lucci, A. McVetta, Dr. G. Welch
- NASA RTM / C. Snyder
- NASA RXN / Dr. S. Howard
- NASA DER / M. Stevens
- ASRC Aerospace/ Dr. P. Giel
- U. Toledo / Dr. W. To
- Ohio State U. / Dr. A. Ameri
- Coyote Hollow Corporation / T. Beach

NRA partner



**United Technologies
Research Center**

{ Drs. A. Shabbir, W. Cousins,
E. Lurie, P. Van Slooten

RTAPS contracts



Rolls-Royce

{ A. Ford, M. Bloxham, E. Turner, S.
Gegg, B. King, C. Harris, M. Bell, E.
Clemens, C. Nordstrom, D. Eames



Williams International

{ M. Suchezky, G. S. Cruzen

Research on engines for LCTR variable-speed capability reflects ...



Sensitivity of vehicle GTOW and fuel burn to engine weight & SFC – drives high efficiency / power density

- High OPR, T_3 , T_4
 - High component η
 - Compact
- } **Gas generator research**
- Aerodynamics of low-corrected flows
 - Compressor exit temperatures at high OPR
 - Impact of variable-speed PT shaft sizes on LP/HP turbomachinery aero

Sensitivity of LCTR propulsive efficiency to main-rotor speed change

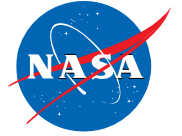
- } **Variable speed power turbine research (VSPT)**
- Aerodynamics
 - Rotordynamics

Content



Gas Generator & VSPT research efforts

- Technical Challenges
- Research agenda
- Progress on research elements
- Next steps

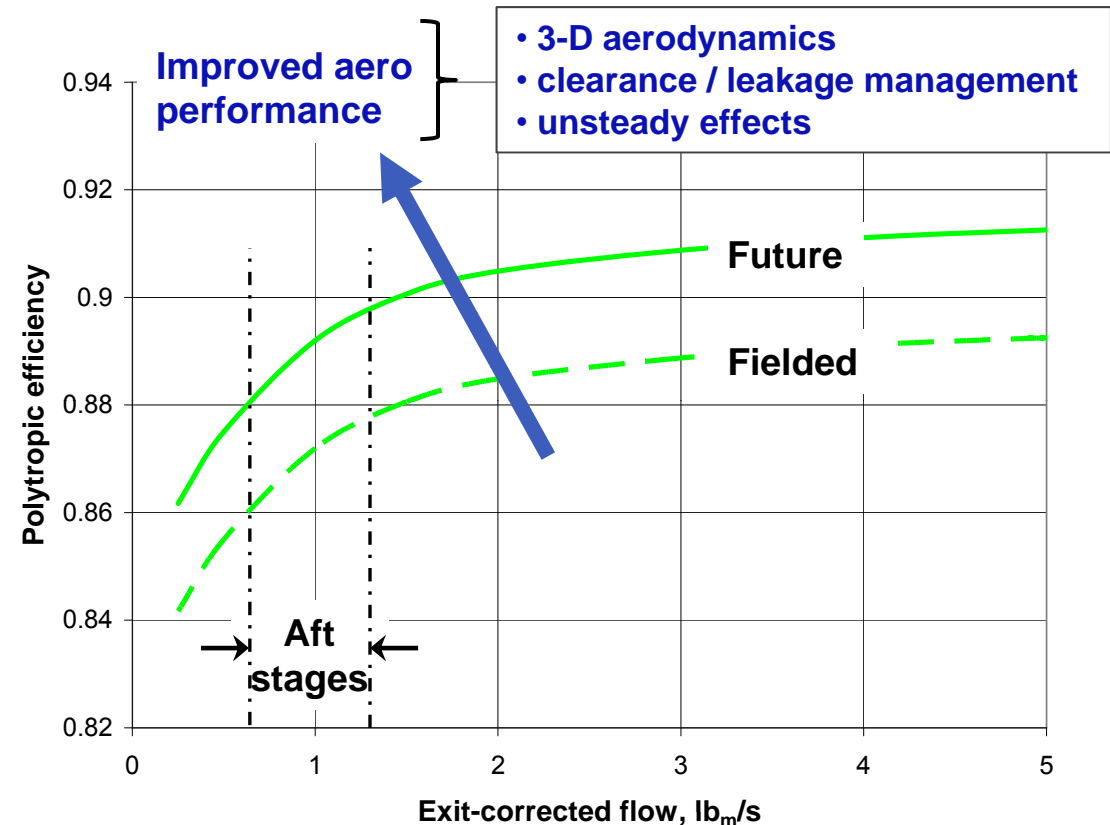


GAS GENERATOR RESEARCH

Technical Challenge – Aft-stage HPC aero



- 7,500 SHP-class engines for the LCTR2 concept vehicle
 - OPR > 35:1
 - Physical flow of 25 to 30 lb_m/s
- Small aft-stage blading at exit-corrected flows of ≈ 1 lb_m/s



Technology challenge: Improve efficiency of low-exit-corrected flow centrifugal compressors with compact diffusers

Gas generator research agenda



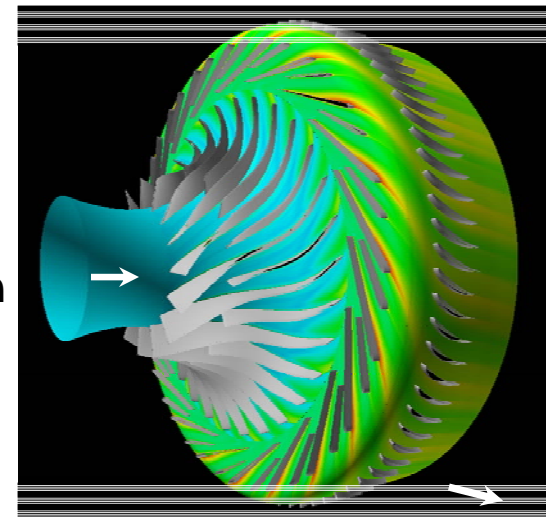
United Technologies
Research Center



- **NASA/UTRC High Efficiency Centrifugal Compressor (HECC)** – 3 yr. NRA cost-share contract
 - ID key technical barriers & research
 - Design, fab, assembly, test
 - CFD – performance / flow physics
- **HECC component testing**
 - Aero mapping / clearance sensitivities
 - Impeller / diffuser / EGV rating
 - Unsteady pressure fields
- **In-house CFD effort – SOA grids for centrifugals & URANS computations**
- **Multistage HPC** – axial, transition duct, centrifugal
 - Industry consensus tech challenges
 - Research needs
 - Component experiment (2A + 1C)

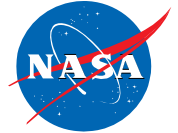
Metric	Intent (rig scale)	CFD*
Exit-corr. flow	$2.1 < W_{c,ex} < 3.1 \text{ lb}_m/\text{s}$	2.98
Work factor	$0.60 < \Delta H_0 / U_{tip}^2 < 0.75$	0.68
η_{TT} (poly)	≥ 0.88	0.888
Diam. ratio	$D_{max} / D_{tip} \leq 1.45$	1.45
Design SM	13%	12%
M_{exit}	0.15	0.15
α_{exit}	15°	14°

HECC stage
3-D URANS
computation
(UTRC)*



*Lurie, E. A. et al.,” AHS Int. Forum 67, May 2011.

Progress



- **High Efficiency Centrifugal Compressor (HECC)**
 - Completed design / fab / assembly
 - Completed test cell readiness
 - Mechanical checkout – **Mar 2012**
- **Documentation of CC3 centrifugal compressor** underway – historical data & 2010 re-baseline
- **High-response (4 BPF) p_0 Kulite-probe development** – impeller exit $p_0(t)$ and $\alpha(t)$
- **NASA computational work**
 - Multiblock grid gen. for centrifugal compressor geometries
 - CC3 vaned & vaneless stages w/ data
 - HECC stage – test predictions



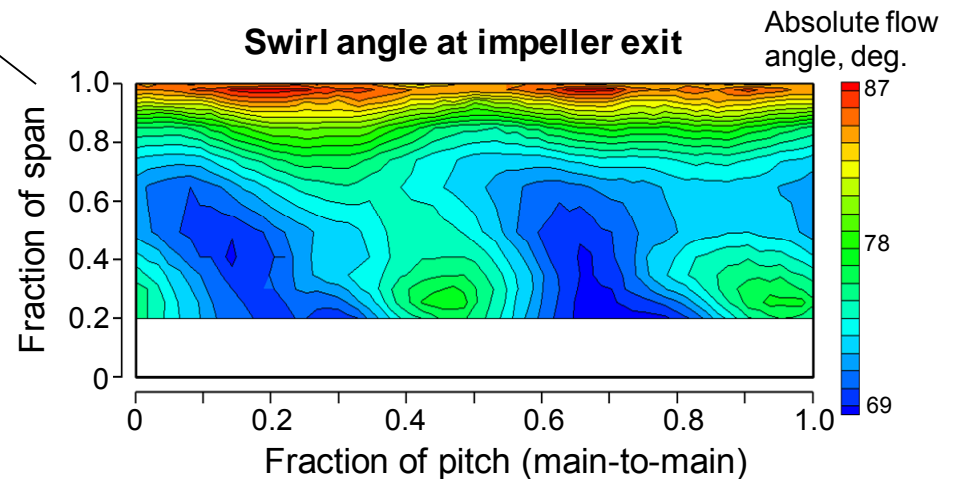
**HECC impeller
(15 main/splitter)**



Diffuser (20 main/splitter)

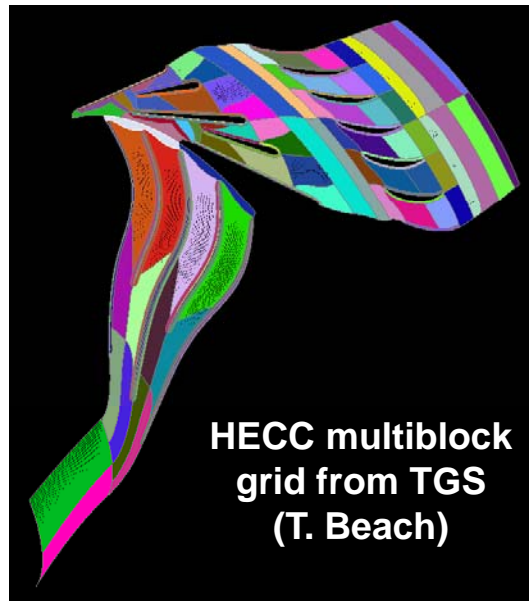


Kulite probe (Lepicovsky)



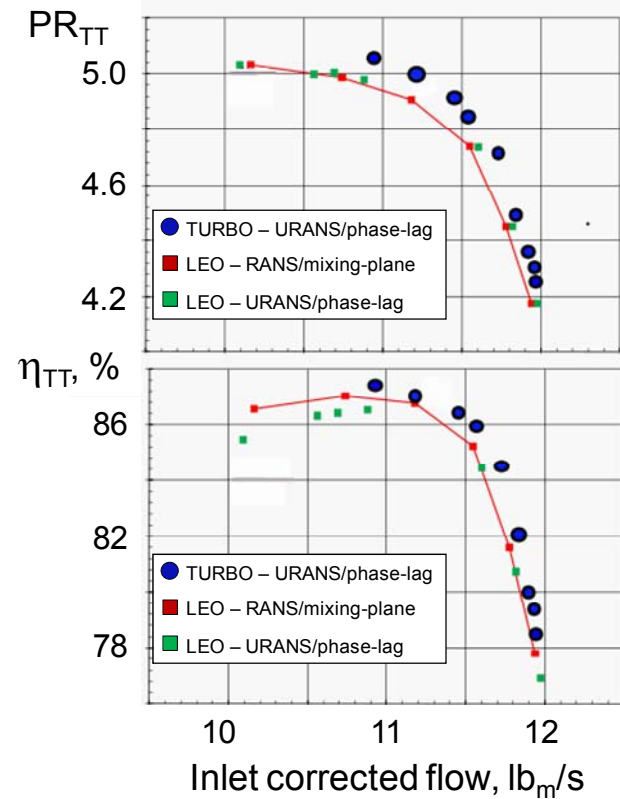
Flow angle from high-response p_0 probe data (E. Braunscheidel / J. Lepicovsky)

In-house HECC grid generation and TURBO phase-lagged URANS simulations

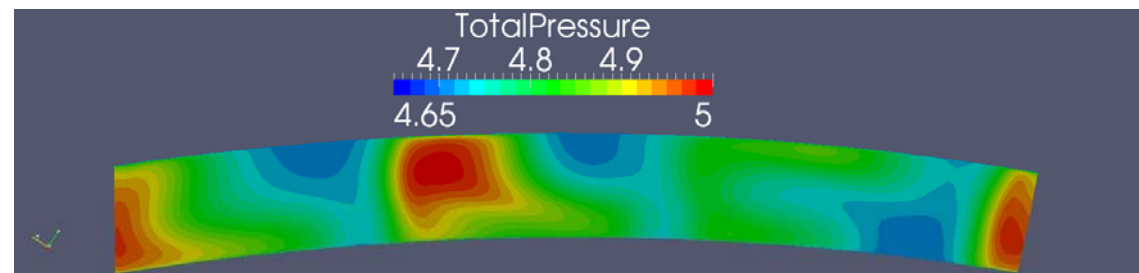
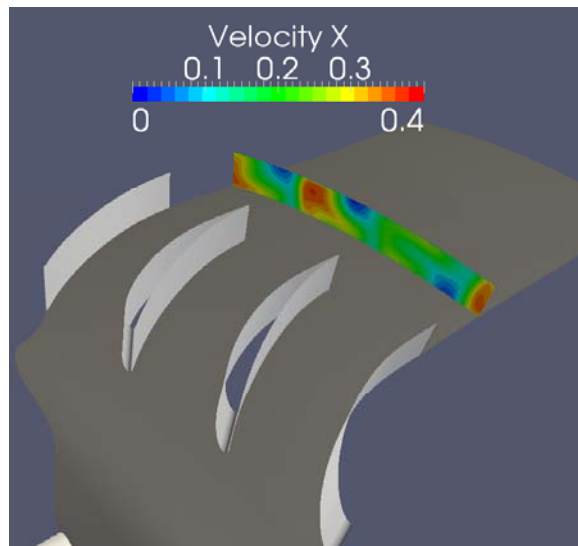


Performance predictions from **UTRC* (WAND/LEO)** and **NASA (TGS/TURBO)**

**Lurie, E. A. et al., AHS Int. Forum 67, May 2011.*



(S. Kulkarni, T. Beach)



Contours of computed axial velocity and total pressure at exit rating plane (FLA) – time-averaged URANS results.

Next steps

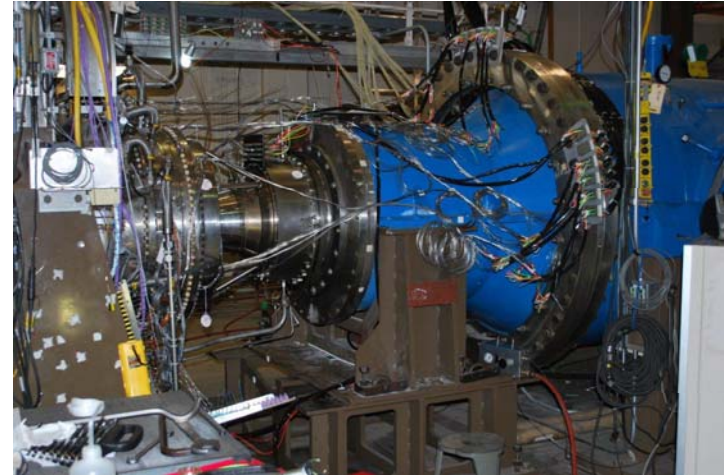


United Technologies
Research Center



- **HECC**

- Aero performance (Apr-Jul, 2012)
 - Map compressor / clearance-sensitivities
 - Acquire unsteady pressures
- UTRC CFD analyses & final report (Sept 2012)
- Impeller and diffuser rating (FY13)



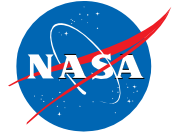
HECC installed in CE-18

- **NASA CFD**

- CC3 & HECC predictions & experimental support
- HTML user's guide for TGS grid-generation python modules

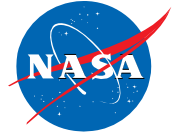
- **HPC axi-centrifugal**

- Industry RFI/conversations (FY12) → consensus technical challenges
- Coordinate w/ FAP/SFW & Turbomachinery TWG on low $\dot{m}_{c,ex}$ aero challenges
- FY15/16 – next-step experimental effort on axi-centrifugal – path?



VARIABLE-SPEED POWER TURBINE

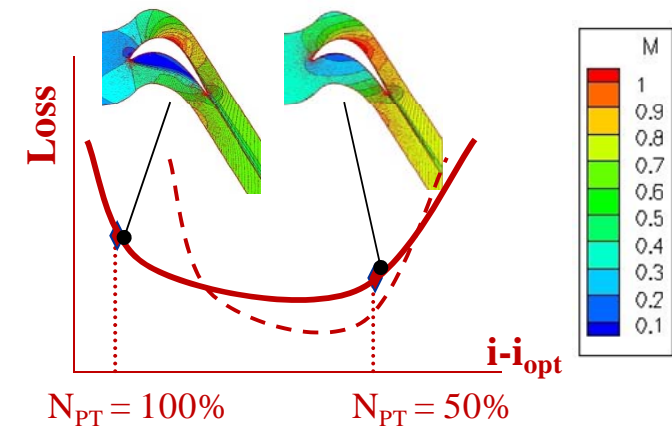
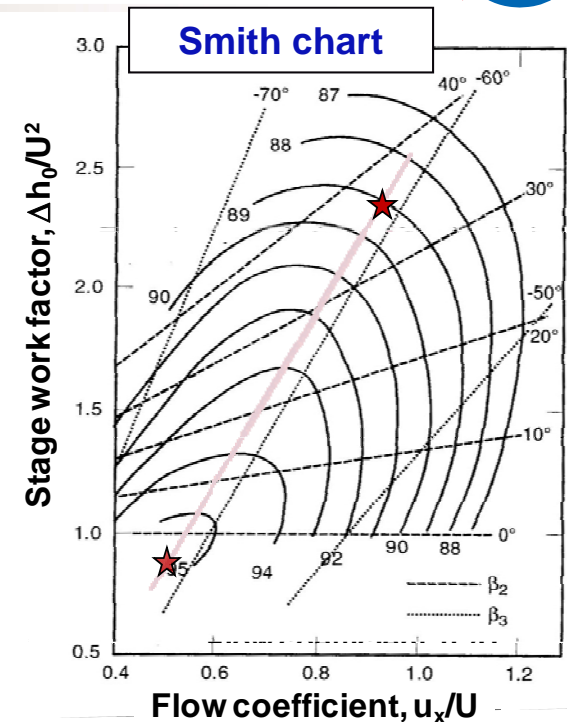
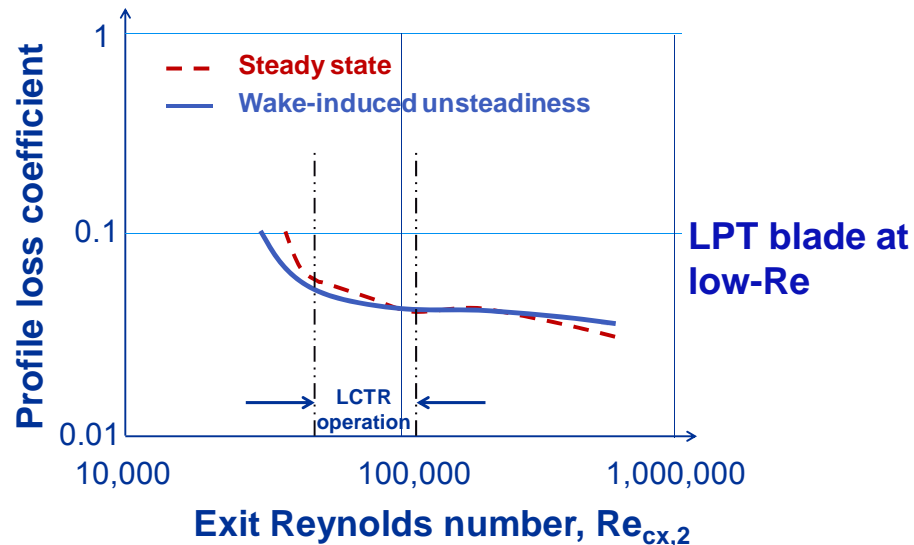
Key technical challenges for VSPT



- Aerodynamics**

- Efficiency at **high cruise work factor**
 - $\Delta h_0 = \Delta(u_\theta \cdot r \Omega) \approx \text{const.}$ at cruise and take-off
 - $\Delta h_0/U^2$ cruise is 3.5 x takeoff
- 40° to 60° **incidence swings** with speed change
- Operation at low Re – **transitional flow**

- Rotordynamics** – Avoidance / management of shaft modes through speed range



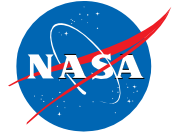
Blade-row loss versus incidence

VSPT research agenda

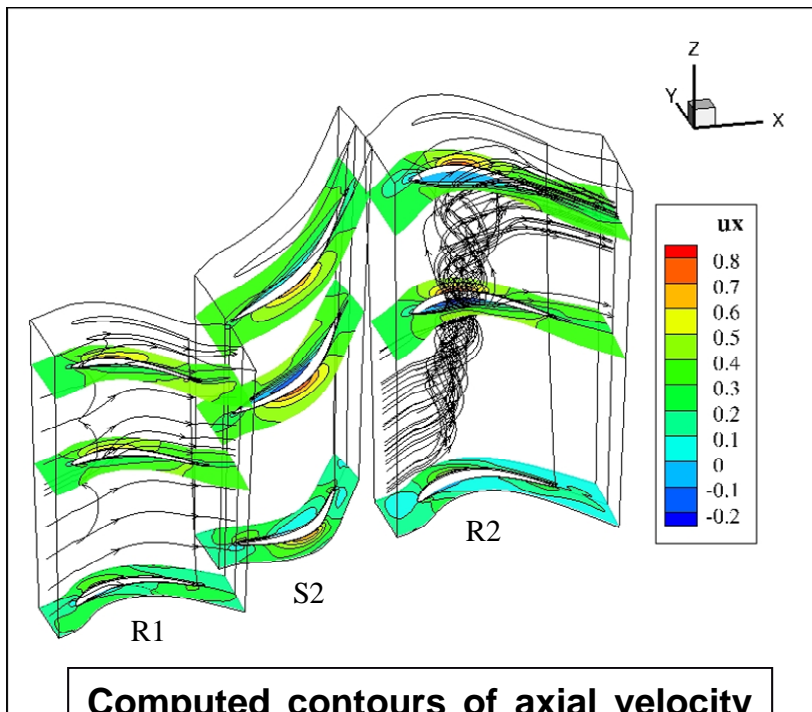


- Conceptual aero-design / analysis
- Incidence-tolerant blade development
 - 3-D design
 - Experiments – in-house / external
- Computational tools – multistage / transitional-flows
- Rotordynamics
- VSPT component testing - in-house & external paths

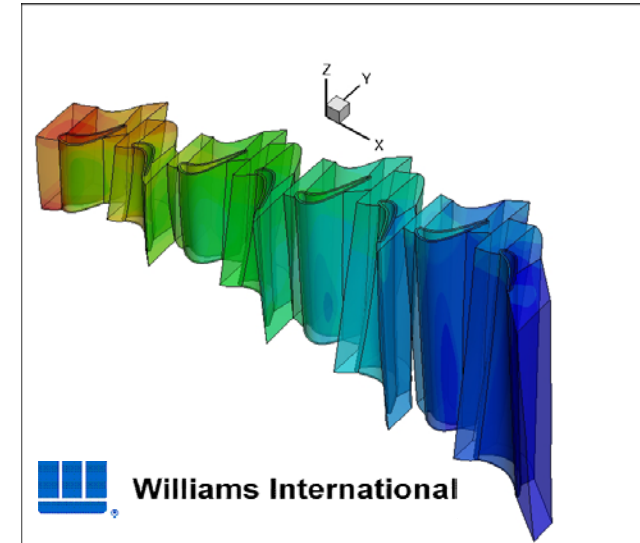
Progress – aero-design / analysis



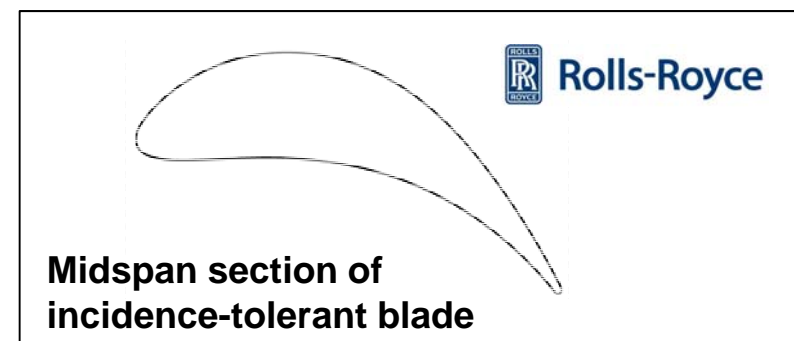
- Documented conceptual designs
 - In-house* & external thru 3 RTAPS contracts**
 - 3- & 4-stage solutions w/ fixed geometry
- 3-D blade design / analyses



Computed contours of axial velocity and streamlines in Rotors 1 and 2 at the 100% N^* (off-design, takeoff).



4-stage VSPT RANS/mixing-plane computation at design point



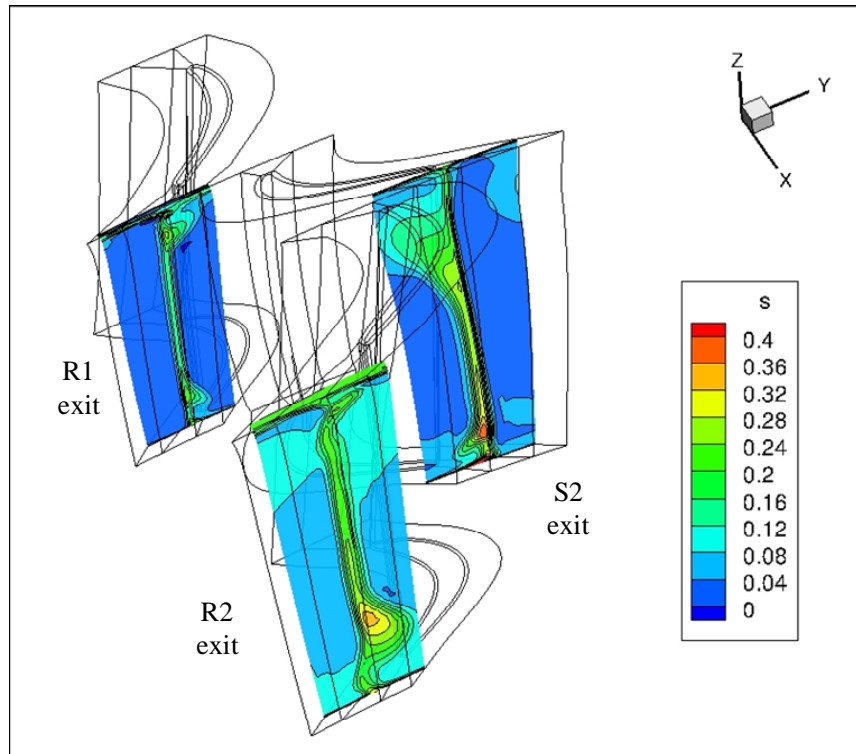
Midspan section of incidence-tolerant blade

*NASA, AHS Int. Forum 67, 2011; NASA/TM-2011-217124

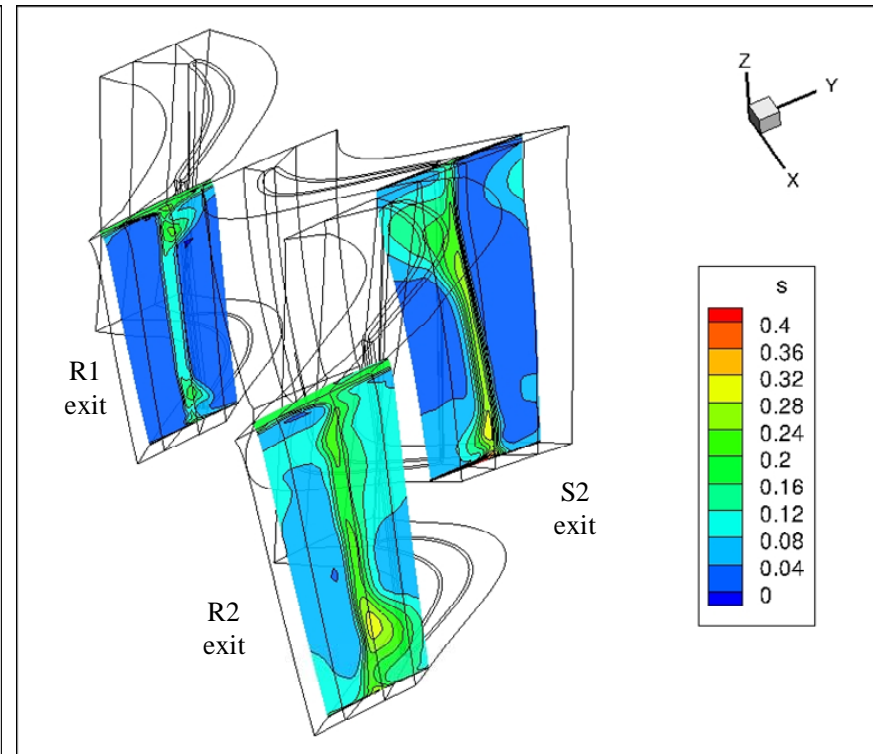
**Rolls-Royce, NASA/CR—2012-217016 & 217423

**Williams Int., NASA/CR—2012-217424

Progress (cont.) – impact of unsteadiness



a. LEO mixing-plane



b. LEO URANS TA/AP

Computed contours of entropy at blade-row exit planes from
LEO** RANS/mixing-plane time-averaged, average passage
URANS calculations at design point (54% N^* , 28 k-ft cruise)

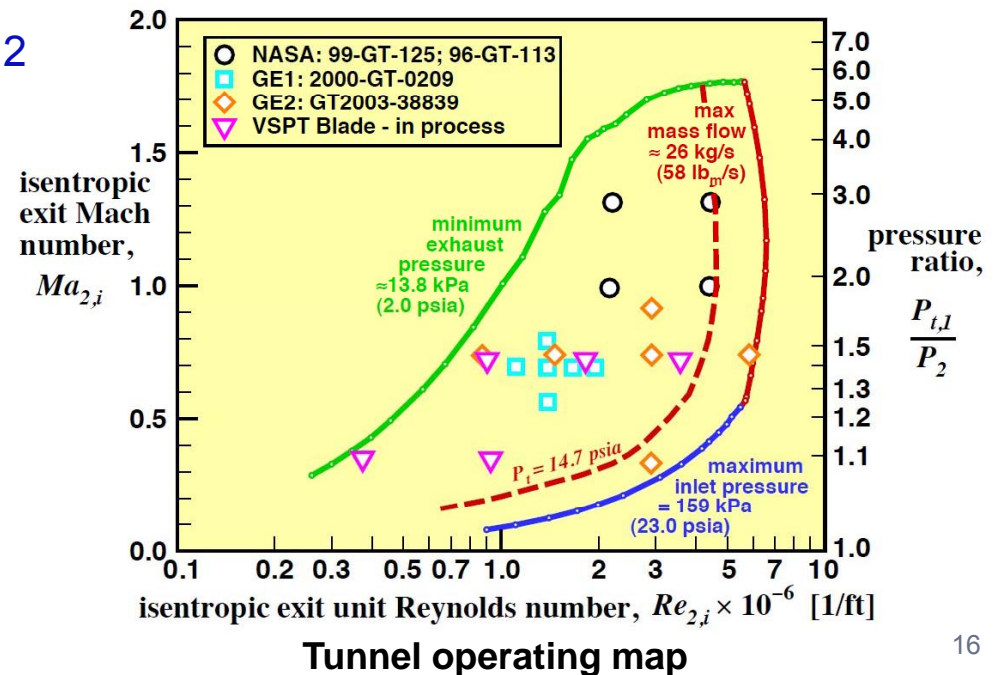
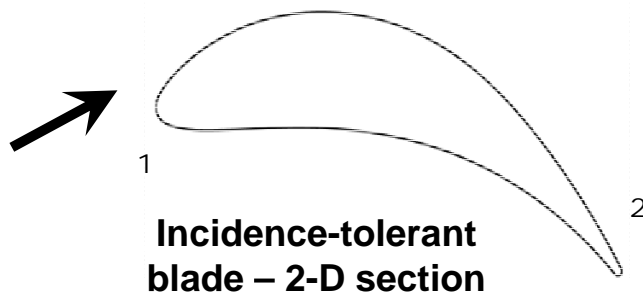
Linear cascade experiments – in-house



- Modified NASA GRC transonic linear cascade for VSPT negative incidence levels
- Test entries (over Re_2 , M_2 range)
 - Inlet hotwire characterization (Tu , ε)
 - E³ tip-section blading – **completed***
($-10^\circ < \beta_1 < +59^\circ$)
 - Incidence-tolerant blade – **Q2FY12**
($-12^\circ < \beta_1 < +55^\circ$)



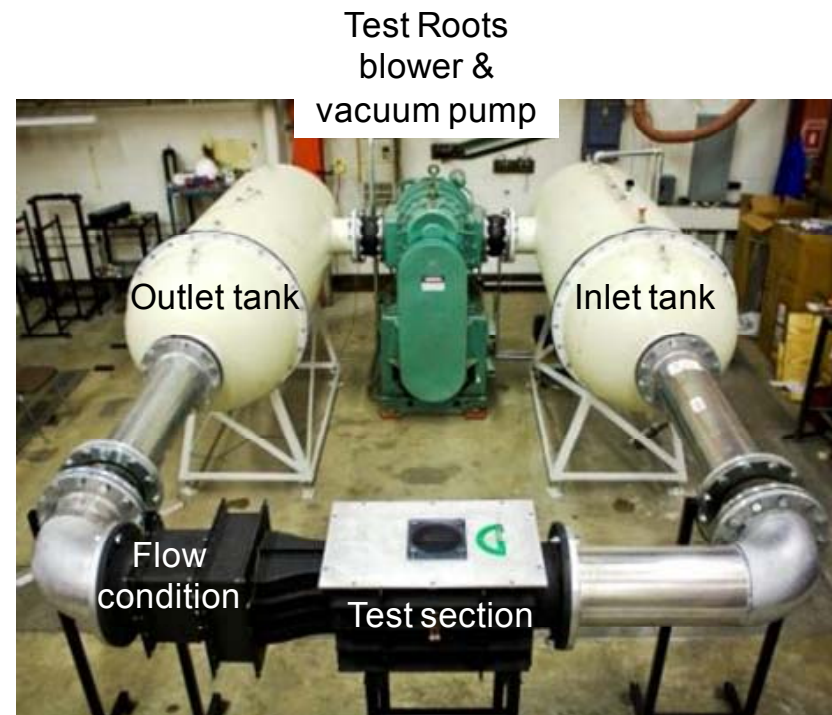
Modified tunnel, showing new lead-out duct



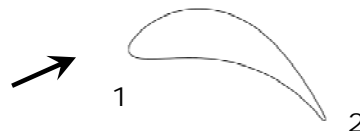
Linear cascade experiments – UND / NDSU



- Space Act Agreement with U. North Dakota – to extend NASA incidence-tolerant blade set to lower Re
 - Match M_2 and incidence angles
 - $40k < Re_2 < 400k$
 - p_0 surveys / heat transfer / PSP data
- 3-yr NASA EPSCoR* grant (FY12 start) to U. North Dakota and North Dakota State U.
- CFD element (North Dakota State U.)
 - 3-D URANS-SST and SAS-SST
 - $\gamma-Re_\theta$ transition model

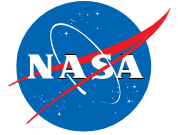


U. North Dakota transonic linear turbine cascade test facility

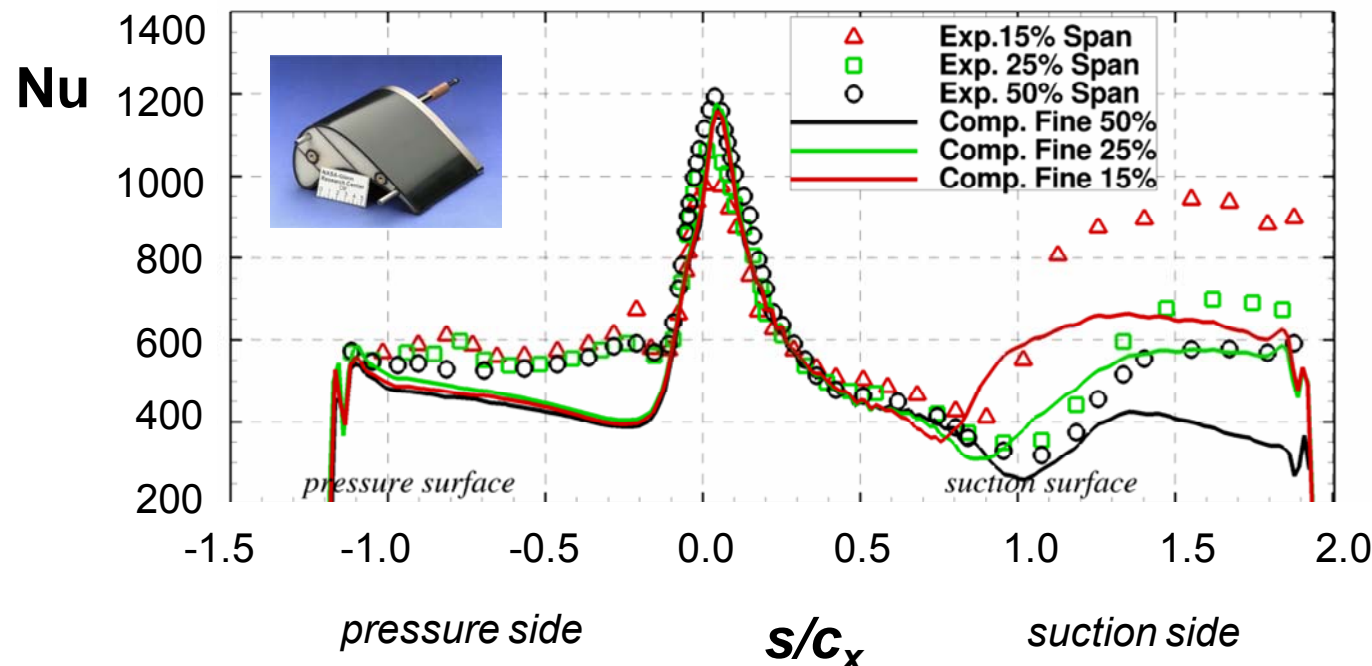


Incidence-tolerant blade section

Computational work – W-L turbulence model for transitional flows in LPTs



- Walters-Leylek model implemented in NASA's GlennHT
- Assessed using NASA CW-22 data sets
 - Heat transfer using GE2 industrial PT blade (Giel *et al.*, 2004)
 - Aerodynamics using EEE tip-section blading / generation of loss bucket data

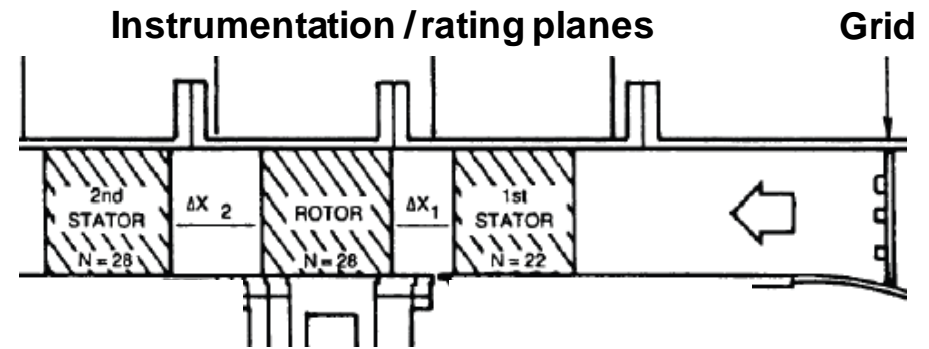


Comparison of
computed &
measured
Nusselt number
of **GE2** blading at
 $Re_2 = 375k$.

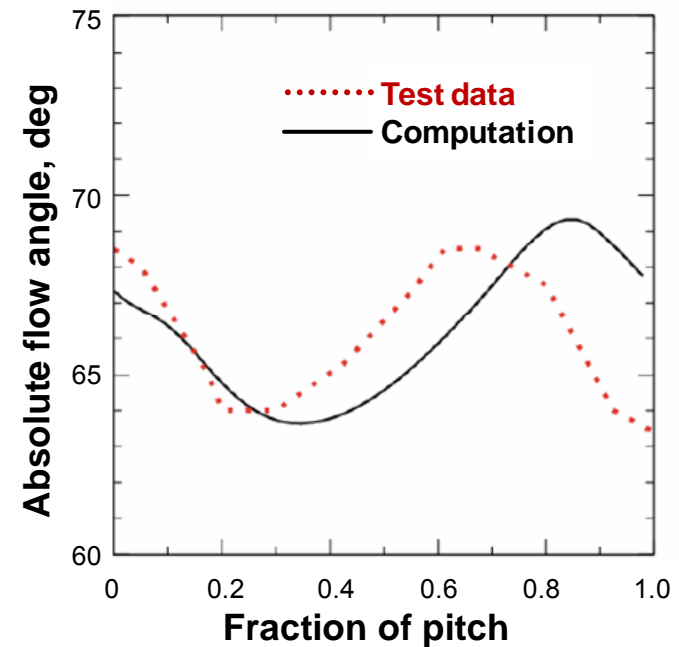
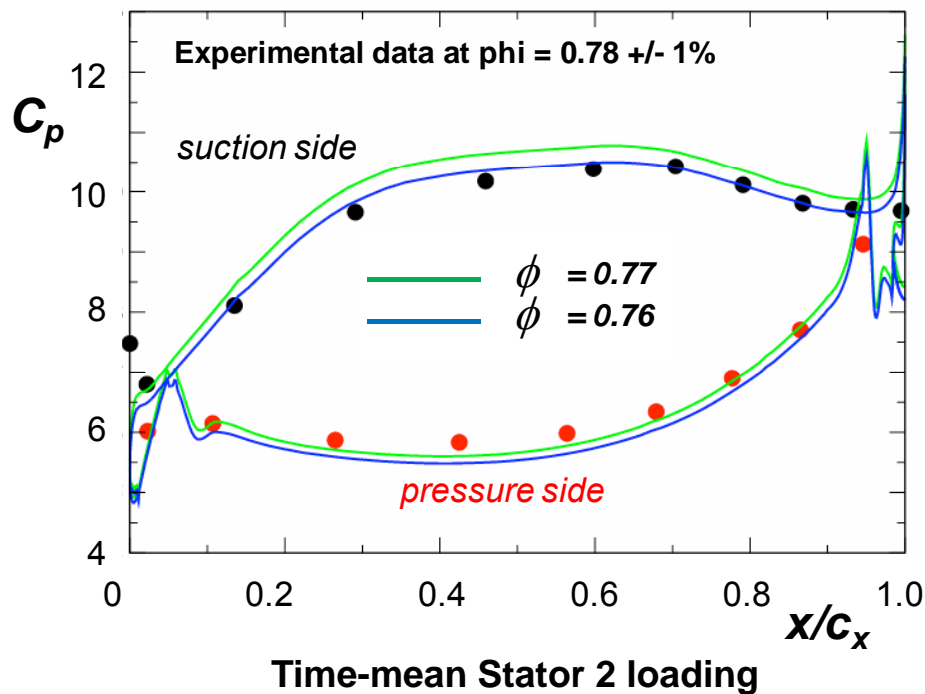
Multistage URANS simulation capability



- TURBO code (J.P. Chen, OSU)
- Applied to 1.5-stage low-speed turbine (S1/R1/S2)
- Newly coded W-L model



UTC Low Speed Rotating Rig (Dring, UTC)

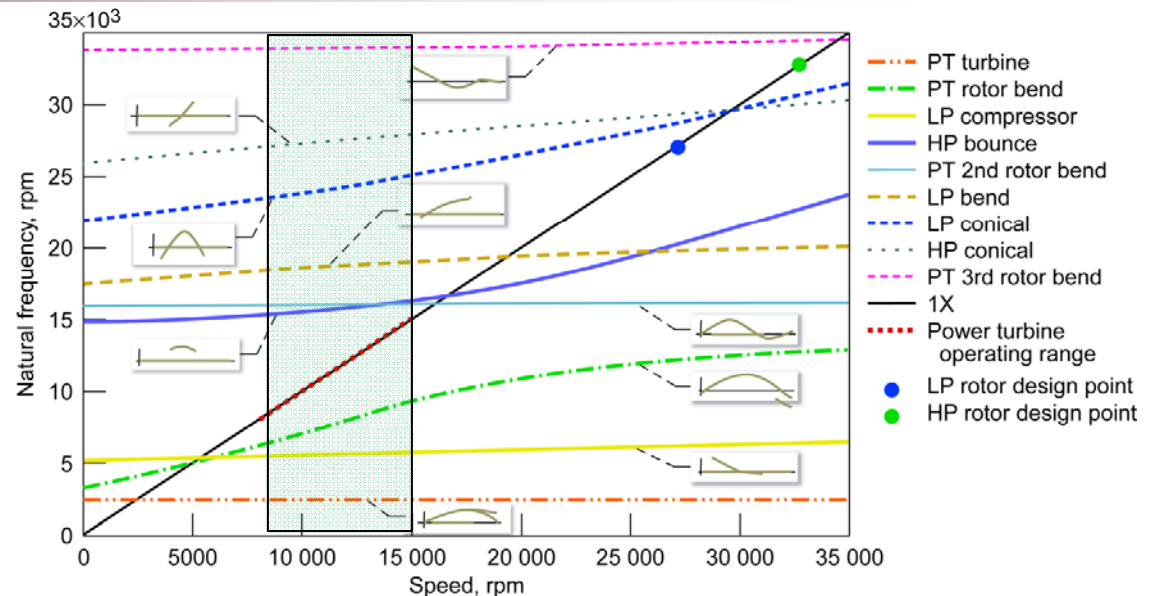


Computed and experimental Stator 2 exit flow angle

Rotordynamics for 50% shaft-speed range

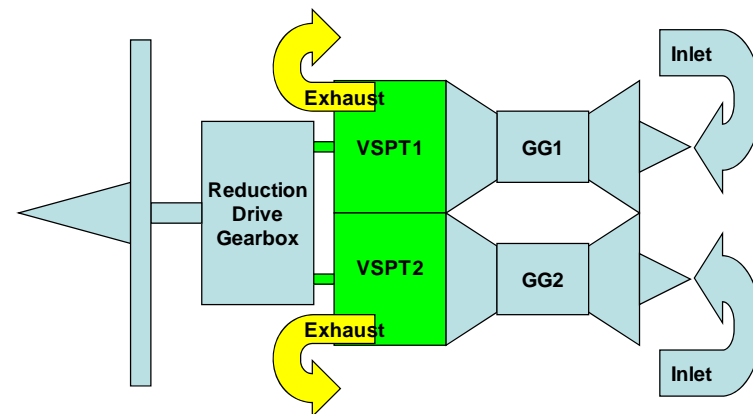


- Rotordynamics model (DyRoBeS) for LCTR with 50% speed range*
 - Modeled HP, LP, & VSPT rotors
 - Critical-speed, stability, & unbalance-response analyses



Campbell diagram for three rotors of LCTR concept engine*

- Rotordynamics assessment in RTAPS contracts – viable engines
 - Rolls-Royce – growth AE1107C
 - Williams Int. – aft-drive



Aft-drive engine configuration for LCTR with VSPT directly coupled to the reduction drive gearbox**

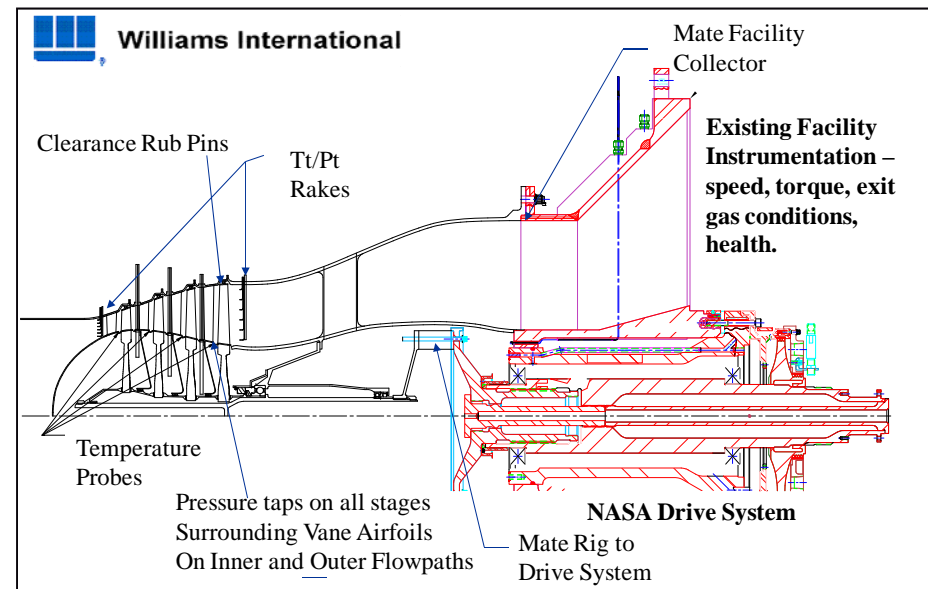
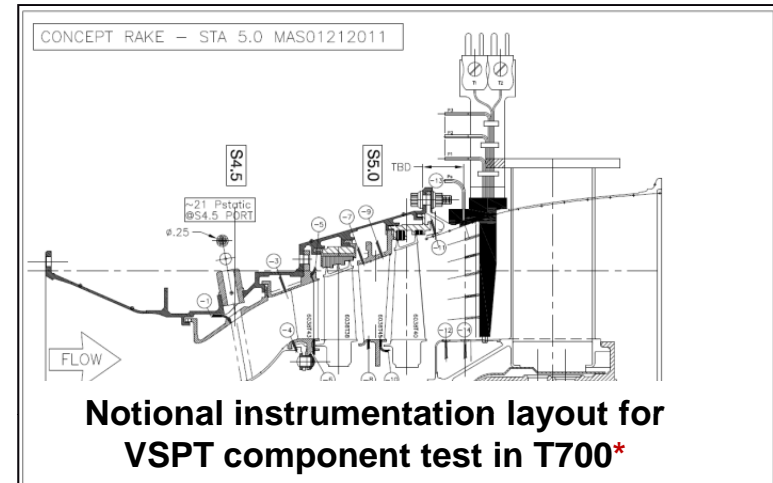
*A. Howard, AHS Int. Forum 68, May 2012

**M. Suchezyk & G. S. Cruzen, NASA/CR—2012-217424

Progress toward VSPT component test



- Assessment of in-house VSPT test capability*
 - T700-700 engine in the NASA ECRL
 - NASA GRC single-spool turbine facility (W-6)
- RTAPS study contracts
 - Williams International
 - 4-stage VSPT in W-6
 - Match mission *Re*
 - Rolls-Royce NAT
 - Growth AE1107C
 - 3.5-stage VSPT/EGV in W-6
 - Match mission *Re*



*G. Skoch, M. Stevens, et al., NASA/TM—2012-217422

**M. Suchezky et al., NASA/CR—2012-217424

****Williams Int. 4-stage LCTR VSPT component in NASA GRC W-6 single-spool facility**

Next steps for VSPT



- Complete CW-22 aero testing of incidence-tolerant blading
 - Reports at AIAA JPC 2012 & ASME IGTI 2013
 - Heat-transfer experiments with incidence-tolerant blade pack
- Computational analysis
 - Report W-L / heat-transfer work at IGTI 2012
 - Support CW-22 experimental data synthesis
 - Apply TURBO with W-L model to high-speed multistage LPT
- Rotordynamics – **done**
 - Report at AHS Int. Forum 68
- U.S. **Army Aviation Applied Technology Directorate (AATD)** partnership efforts
 - 6.3 FATE engine program, NASA-\$ VSPT option (FY12 start)
 - 6.2 VSPT component test, NASA-\$ award (FY12 award & start)

